



COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS

Course name

Strength of Materials

Course

Field of study

Sustainable Building Engineering First-cycle studies

Area of study (specialization)

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Level of study

First-cycle studies

Form of study

full-time

Year/Semester

2/3

Profile of study

general academic

Course offered in

English

Requirements

compulsory

Number of hours

Lecture

15

Laboratory classes

15

Other (e.g. online)

0

Tutorials

15

Projects/seminars

15

Number of credit points

4

Lecturers

Responsible for the course/lecturer:

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Wydział Inżynierii Lądowej i Transportu

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Responsible for the course/lecturer:

Prerequisites

Knowledge: Mathematics: algebra (including matrix calculus), mathematical analysis (including differential and integral calculus), geometry, planimetry, trigonometry. Theoretical mechanics: knowledge of the equilibrium equations and internal forces in rod elements of a structure.

Skills: Mathematics: skills of calculation of derivatives and integrals of functions, the ability to use matrix calculus. Physics: ability to apply the principles of Newton. Theoretical mechanics: the ability to use the balance equations to determine the reactions and internal forces in statically determined bar systems.

Social competences: Students can work in groups. The student follows the rules of ethics.

Course objective

Acquiring knowledge, skills and competences in solving problems of stress, deformations and displacements in structural member elements and in the field of material strength.



Course-related learning outcomes

Knowledge

The student has detailed knowledge in the field of mechanics, strength of materials and principles of general structural design, and knows the theories explaining the complex relationships between them (obtained during the lecture).

The student knows at an advanced level the principles of structure theory and analysis of rod systems in the field of statics and stability (obtained during the lecture).

Skills

The student is able to make a list of loads acting on buildings and perform static analysis of statically determinate rod structures (obtained during exercises and projects).

Social competences

The student is responsible for the reliability of the results of their work and their interpretation. The student is ready to critically assess their knowledge and received content, as well as critically evaluate the results of their own work.

Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

Evaluation of lectures

Written exam (duration: 90-120 minutes) on the date specified at the beginning of the semester. The basis for passing is to obtain a sufficient minimum score (3.0).

Rating scale: very good (5.0), good plus (4.5), good (4.0), satisfactory plus (3.5), satisfactory (3.0), insufficient (2.0).

Evaluation of exercises

The classes are passed on the basis of positive grades (at least 3.0) from tests, dates given at the beginning of the semester.

Rating scale: very good (5.0), good plus (4.5), good (4.0), satisfactory plus (3.5), satisfactory (3.0), insufficient (2.0).

Project evaluation

Project classes are passed on the basis of positive grades (at least 3.0) from project tasks. Project tasks are subjected to individual defense (oral or written form).

Rating scale: very good (5.0), good plus (4.5), good (4.0), satisfactory plus (3.5), satisfactory (3.0), insufficient (2.0)

Laboratory evaluation

Laboratory exercises are passed on the basis of positive grades (at least 3.0) from laboratory exercises reports and a minimum of 1 test. Reports are subjected to defense by the team performing the exercise (oral or written form).

Programme content



Lectures

1. Stability of rod systems
2. Relations between displacements, strains and stresses. Constitutive relations.
3. Relative volume change, isotropy and anisotropy, axiator and deviator, strain energy.
4. Strength hypotheses, Tresca's hypothesis
5. Huber-Mises-Hencky hypothesis
6. Stress state at a point
7. Tensor transformation. Differential equations of equilibrium

Exercises

1. Torsion. Stresses in a circular cross-section
2. Determination of normal stresses under foundations
3. Determination of beam displacements
4. Determination of the critical force of compressed rods
5. Constitutive and geometrical relations, strength hypotheses
6. Colloquium
7. Stress analysis at a point
8. Correction test

Projects

1. Project No. 5 - skew bending of a beam
2. Project No. 6 - eccentric action of normal force.
Defense of project no. 5
3. Defense of project no. 6
Project no. 7 - beams subjected to complex loads (also torsion)
4. Project no. 7 - beams subjected to complex loads - continuation
5. Defense of project no. 7
Project No. 8 - determining the critical force for a compressed rod
6. Defense of project No. 8
7. Submission of projects (additions)

Laboratories

1. Providing the rules for the implementation of laboratory exercises, providing health and safety rules
2. Exercise No. 1. Metals - tensile test
3. Exercise No. 2. Analysis of a flat truss loaded with concentrated force
4. Exercise No. 3. Beam analysis - simple bending
5. Exercise No. 4. Torsion of a rod with a circular cross-section - determining of the shear modulus
Exercise No. 5. Skew bending of a rod
6. Photoelasticity. Determination of the photoelastic constant.
7. Determination of critical load
8. Test

Teaching methods



Information lecture

Practice method

Project method

Laboratory method

Bibliography

Basic

1. S. Timoshenko, Strength of materials, P. 1, Elementary theory and problems, Van Nostrand Reinhold Company 1970.
2. R.D. Snyder, E.F. Byars, Engineering mechanics: statics and strength of materials, McGraw Hill Book Company, cop. 1973.

Additional

1. G.M. Seed, Strength of materials: an undergraduate text, Saxe-Coburg Publications, 2000
2. B. Skalmierski, Mechanics and strength of materials, PWN-Polish Scientific Publishers ; Elsevier Scientific Publishing Company, 1979.
3. B. Turoń, G. Piątkowski, Strength of materials: internal forces in statically determinate structures - examples for beams, Politechnika Rzeszowska im. Ignacego Łukasiewicza. Oficyna Wydawnicza, 2015.

Breakdown of average student's workload

	Hours	ECTS
Total workload	115	4,0
Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher	65	2,0
Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for laboratory classes/tutorials, preparation for tests/exam, project preparation) ¹	50	2,0

¹ delete or add other activities as appropriate